**Example 2.** The facts are the same as in *Example 1*, except that you earned \$2,000. Your parents can claim you as a dependent but decide not to. You do not meet this rule. You cannot claim the credit because your parents could have claimed you as a dependent.

Rule 12. Qualifying Child of Another Person

## Rule 12 You Cannot Be a Qualifying Child of Another Person

You are a qualifying child of another person (your parent, guardian, foster parent, etc.) if all of the following statements are true.

- 1) You are that person's son, daughter, adopted child, stepchild, grandchild, or eligible foster child.
- 2) At the end of the year you were under age 19, or under age 24 and a full-time student, or any age if you were permanently and totally disabled at any time during the year.
- 3) You lived with that person in the United States for more than half of the year (all year if you were an eligible foster child). For more details about the test to be a qualifying child, see *Rule 7*.

If you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) are a qualifying child of another person, you cannot claim the EIC. This is true even if the person for whom you are a qualifying child does not claim the EIC or meet all of the rules to claim the EIC. Put "No" directly to the right of line 60a (Form 1040), line 38a (Form 1040A), or to the right of the word "below" on line 8b (Form 1040EZ).

## Example:

Qualifying child of another person

**Example.** You lived with your mother all year. You are age 26 and permanently and totally disabled. Your only income was from a community center where you went twice a week to answer telephones. You earned \$1,500 for the year. Because you meet the relationship, age, and residency tests, you are a qualifying child of your mother. She can claim the EIC if she meets all the other requirements. Because you are a qualifying child of your mother, you cannot claim the EIC. This is so even if your mother cannot or does not claim the EIC.

## Rule 13. Main Home

## Rule 13 You Must Have Lived in the United States More Than Half of the Year

Your home (and your spouse's if filing a joint return) must have been in the United States for more than half the year.

If it was not, put "No" directly to the right of line 60a (Form 1040), line 38a (Form 1040A), or to the right of the word "below" on line 8b (Form 1040EZ).

**Home.** Your home can be any location where you regularly live within one of the 50 states or the District of Columbia.

**Homeless shelter.** You do not need a traditional home. If you lived in one or more homeless shelters in the United States for more than half the year, you meet this rule.

**Military personnel stationed outside the United States.** U.S. military personnel stationed outside the United States on extended active duty (defined on page 14) are considered to live in the United States during that duty period for purposes of the EIC.